

INFORMATION ON DISTRICT SOCIAL WELFARE OFFICE, KORAPUT

Integrated Child Development Service (ICDS) :

The ICDS is being implemented in all the 14 Blocks and one Urban Project at Sunabeda of this District. This programme aims at :

- To improve the nutritional and health status of the children below the age of 6 years.
- To lay the foundation for proper psychological, physical and social development of the child
- To reduce the incidence of mortality, morbidity, malnutrition & school drop-outs.
- To enhance the capability of the mother to look after the normal health and nutritional needs of the child, through proper health and nutritional education.

The following key services are provided to the beneficiaries through ICDS Scheme.

- Supplementary Nutrition Programme (SNP)
- Immunisation Programme
- Pre-school Education
- Referral Services
- Health check up
- Nutrition & Health Education.

1. Supplementary Nutrition Programme (SNP)

With a view to reducing morbidity, mortality and malnutrition among the vulnerable sections of the population, the Supplementary Nutrition Programme is introduced through the ICDS Scheme. Malnutrition impairs physical and mental development and hence providing nutritional support to children in the vulnerable age group is essential to prevent the onset of malnutrition and growth faltering in the formative years. Under this programme Supplementary Nutrition Food is given to the pregnant mothers, nursing mothers and children under the age group of 6 months to 6 years to improve their nutritional and health status for a period of 300 days in a year. The Supplementary Nutrition Programme(SNP) supported by the World Food Programme(WFP) caters to 205522 beneficiaries as on date. A multivitamin enriched fortified food “Indiamix” is provided to both Onsite and THR beneficiaries. The size of ration

prescribed per beneficiary per day is indicated below. Monthly 25 days feeding is being provided in a month.

Beneficiary Type	Ration Size per beneficiary per day
06 month to 3 years Children	135 gm.
3 years to 6 years Children	135 gm.
Severely Malnourished Children(06m – 06 years)	215 gm.
Pregnant and Lactating Mothers	160 gm.

2. Immunisation Programme

The main aim of the programme is to prevent pregnant women and protect children from the six killer diseases i.e Polimyelitis, Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Tuberculosis and Measles. These are the major preventable causes of child mortality, disability, morbidity and related malnutrition. All the children in the age group of 0-6 years are given immunization at the AW centres. The pregnant women are also given TT immunization at the AW centres with the help of Health worker female i.e ANM. Children in the age group of 0-1 year are given DPT/Polio, BCG, Measles is given at the age of 0-1 year as per the immunisation schedule. Eligible children and pregnant women are immunized at the fixed day of immunisation at AW centres.

3. Pre-School Education

In addition to emphasis on supplementary nutrition and convergence with health services, special focus is also being given to the Pre-school education. Its main aim emphasizes universalization and qualitative improvement of Primary Education especially in remote and socio-economically backward areas. Children in the group of 3-6 years are enrolled in the AW centres for pre-school education. The AW Workers, who is trained one is imparting pre-school non-formal Education to the children through story telling song, Games in play way method as per the Arunima lesson plan prescribed by W & CD Deptt. for mental, physical and social development of children.

4. Referral Services

The aim objective of the programme is to provide prompt medical attention to the children, pregnant women and nursing mothers. The AW workers are referred the Grade–II,III&IV malnourished children for provided medicine for life saving drugs for higher risk child

under treatment each centre has been provided Rs.3,000 under RLTAAP scheme. The children being referred to the medicals on 15th of every month on Prustikar Divas.

5. Health Checkup:-

In order to provide a link between the village and PHC, health check up is introduced for ante-natal care of expectant mothers, post-natal care of nursing mothers and care of the newborn children under six years of age. Fixed Health Day is being organised at AW centres by the AW workers regularly once in a month with the assistance of Health Functionaries. Mother and Children from nearby villages attend for their health checkup on schedules date and time fixed. The concerned ANM and supervisors also remain present in AW centres. Mother counseling weighment of children and nutritional demonstration are done in the fixed Health Day programme. Severely malnourished children are identified and referred to Medical Officer of PHC/CHC for Medical Checkup and treatment.

6. Nutrition and Health Education :-

Nutrition and Health education being the key element of the programme, all women in age group of 15 to 45 years are covered by this component to look after their own health, nutrition and development needs as well as of their children. The ICDS and Health Functionaries are imparting Nutrition and Health Education to the Pregnant Women, Nursing Mother and mother of risk children on different health issues. It is done in every AW Centres once in a fixed day of the month.

7. Nutrition Programme for Adolescent Girls (NPAG):

The Adolescent Girls under BPL Category of the age group 11 to 19 years are being covered in the scheme. The Girls belong the age group 11 to 15 years and 15 to 19 years coming under the weight 30 Kg. & 35 Kg. respectively are being given rice @ 200 gm. each per day i.e. 6 Kgs per month. As per recent survey 61205 Girls have been covered under the scheme and NPAG rice for the month of July to September'08 have been released to the ICDS Projects.

Social Welfare

Mid Day Meal Programme

Mid Day Meal Programme is introduced to give Mid Day Meal to the students of the Primary School as well as Schools run by SC/ST Department both in Rural and Urban areas from 1.7.1995. Later on the MDM programme is also extended for the students of Upper Primary, Class –VII students and NCLP schools. As far as Koraput district is concerned MDM is being provided to Primary and Upper Primary students as mentioned below for 210 days in a year.

Sl. No	School	No. of schools covered	Students enrolled	Students Covered	Management of MDM by WSHG	Management of MDM by VEC & Others
1	Primary	2137	164584	123716	1753	384
2	Upper Primary	698	32085	26617	480	218
	Total	2835	196669	150333	2233	602

Norms of Cooked Meal : (Primary School (I-V))

	Quantity Per Student	New Price Per Student
Rice	: 100 Grms.	Free rice supplied by GOI.
Dal	: 20 Grms	Rs. 1.50
Oil	: 0.02 Grm	Rs. 0.13
Veg., Condiment & Salt (Iron fortified Iodised)		Rs. 0.37
Fuel Stationary	:	Rs. 0.22
T.C.	:	Rs. 0.02
Egg	:	Rs. 0.86(6 eggs in a month)
Supervision Charges	:	<u>Rs. 0.20</u>
	Total	Rs. 3.30

Norms of Cooked Meal : (Upper Primary School (VI-VIII))

	Quantity Per Student	Price Per Student
Rice	: 150 Grms.	Free rice supplied by GOI.
Dal	: 30 Grms	Rs. 2.25
Oil	: 0.05 Grm	Rs. 0.30
Veg., Condiment & Salt	:	Rs. 0.90
Fuel Stationary	:	Rs. 0.39
T.C.	:	Rs. 0.02
Egg	:	Rs. 0.86(6 eggs in month)
Supervision Charges	:	<u>Rs. 0.20</u>
	Total	Rs. 4.92

Aims and objectives

Mid Day Meal Programme exert a positive influence on enrolment and attendance in schools. A hungry child is less likely to attend school regularly. Hunger drains them of their will and ability to learn. In other words it will adversely affects Universalization of Elementary Education. MDM is being introduced with a noble cause to supplement the nutritional deficiencies, malnutrition and to reduce the drop out rate.

Apart from enhancing school attendance and child nutrition, MDM have an important social value and foster equality. As children learn to sit together and share a common meal, one can expect some erosion of caste prejudices and class inequality. Moreover, cultural traditions and social structures often mean that girls are much more affected by hunger than boys. Thus the MDM programme can also reduce the gender gap in education, since it enhances female school attendance.

Madhu Babu Pension Yojana (MBPY)

After careful consideration, the State Government has been pleased to introduce “MADHU BABU PENSION YOJANA (MBPY)” to come into effect from 1st January 2008 by getting two pension schemes (SOAP & ODP) merged. The Madhu Babu Pension Yojana is to be administered in accordance with the provisions contained in the “Madhu Babu Pension Yojana Rules, 2008” and to come into effect from 1st January 2008 for a better and smooth implementation in view of its expended coverage vide Resolution No. 11-I-SD-50/2007-WCD Dtd. 4.1.2008 and revised Amendment resolution No. 200-I-SD-50/2007-SWCD Dtd.18.4.2008 of Government of Orissa, Women & Child Development Department, Orissa, Bhubaneswar. A person shall be eligible for getting pension of Rs. 200/- per month under the Scheme, if he or she:

- (a) (i) is of 60 years of age and above **(OAP)**
- (ii) or, is a widow (irrespective of age) **(WP)**
- (iii) or, is a leprosy patient with visible signs of deformity (irrespective of age) **(CLP)**
- (iv) or, is a person of 5years of age or, above and unable to do normal work due to his/her deformity or disability being totally blind or, orthopaedically handicapped or, hearing and speech impaired or, mentally retarded or, with cerebral palsy **(DP)**
- (v) or, a widow of HIV positive person [irrespective of age and income criteria mentioned under Rule 6 (b)]. **(WP-AIDS)**

- (vi) or, a HIV positive person identified by the Orissa State AIDS Control Society [irrespective of age and income criteria as under Rule 6(b)] **(DP-AIDS)**
- (b) has family income from all sources not exceeding Rs. 12,000 (Rupees twelve thousand) per annum. or, included in the BPL List.
- (c) is a permanent resident/ domicile of Orissa.
- (d) has not been convicted of any criminal offence involving moral turpitude.
- (e) is not in receipt of any other pension from the union Government or the state government or any organization aided by either Government.

Target of Bens. under OAP/WP/CLP	Target of Bens. under DP category	Total Target under MBPY	Achievement	D.P. Aids Bens.
1	2	3	4	5
46253	6405	52658	52658	478

Indira Gandhi National Old Age Pension Scheme (IGNOAP) :

This scheme came in to operation from 15th August 1995. Under this scheme, a person shall be eligible for getting pension of Rs. 200/- (Centre-State 75:25) per month under the Scheme, if he or she :-

- is of 65 years of age or above (Male or Female)
- the applicant must be a destitute in the sense of having little or no regular means of subsistence from his / her own sources of income or through financial support from family members or other sources.
- is a permanent resident or Orissa.
- his or income does not exceed Rs. 12000/- per annum.

Target of IGNOAP	Achievement
1	2
64469	64469

Indira Gandhi National Widow Pension Scheme (IGNWPS)

1. Name of the Scheme :

The Scheme is known as “**Indira Gandhi National Widow Pension Scheme (IGNWPS)**”, It comes into existence from **February’2009**.

2. Eligibility Criteria of Beneficiary.

For purpose of claiming central assistance, the following criteria shall apply:

- i) The age of the widow shall be between 40-64 years.
- ii) The applicant must belong to a household below the poverty line according to the criteria prescribed by the Government of India.

3. Amount of Pension.

The central assistance under IGNWPS will be provided at the rate of Rs. 200/- per month per beneficiary. The State governments are urged to contribute at least equally towards the pension amount.

4. Specific condition regarding sanction of pension.

Sanction of pension to the beneficiary has to be made only after placing the database of beneficiary in the public domain/ website of the Ministry or State.

5. Mode of Payment

The pension is to be credited into a post office or public sector bank account of the beneficiaries.

6. Identification of beneficiary.

The Gram Panchayat/ Municipalities are expected to play an active role in identification of beneficiaries under the scheme.

7. Certificate of coverage.

The States/ UTs are required to furnish a certificate that all eligible widows have been covered under IGNWPS.

8. Number of eligible beneficiaries under IGNWPS

The number of eligible beneficiaries to be assisted under IGNWPS will be determined as per the field report of all the beneficiaries who satisfy the eligibility criteria.

9. Allocation of Funds.

The funds for operation of the schemes relating to IGNOAPS, IGNDPS, IGNWPS and National Family Benefit Scheme (NFBS) as part of National Social Assistance Programme and Annapurna will continue to be released in a combined manner.

10. Discontinuation of Pension.

Pension will be discontinued in the following case:-

- (i) In case of remarriage.
- (ii) Once the widows move above the poverty line.

The total target & achievement of IGNWP is **14156 Nos.**

Indira Gandhi National Disability Pension Scheme (IGNDPS).

1. Name of the Scheme :

The Scheme is known as “**Indira Gandhi National Disability Pension Scheme (IGNDPS)**”, It comes into existence from **February’2009**.

2. Eligibility Criteria of Beneficiary.

(A) For purpose of claiming central assistance, the following criteria shall apply:

- i) The age of the widow shall be between 18-64 years.
- ii) The applicant must belong to a household below the poverty line according to the criteria prescribed by the Government of India.
- iii) The applicant should be suffering from severe or multiple disabilities as defined in Persons with Disability Act, 1995 (PWD Act 1995) and the National Trust for the Welfare of Persons with Autism, Cerebral Palsy, Mental Retardation and Multiple Disabilities Act, 1999 (National Trust Act 1989) revised from time to time and any other guidelines issued by the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment in this regard.

(B) For the purpose of defining severe or multiple disabilities the following may be considered:-

- i) As per clause (i) of section 2 of the PWD Act, ‘Disability’ means (i) blindness, (ii) low vision, (iii) leprosy cured, (iv) hearing impairment, (v) loco mater disability, (vi) mental retardation and (viii) mental illness
- ii) As per clause (t) of section 2 of the PWD Act, ‘persons with disability’ means a person suffering from not less than forty percent or any disability as certified by medical authority.
- iii) As per clause (4) of section 56 of the PWD Act, ‘Persons with severe disability’ means a person with eighty percent or more of one or more disabilities.
- iv) As per clause (h) of section 2 of the National Trust Act, ‘Multiple Disabilities’ means combination of two or more disabilities as defined in clause (i) of section 2 of Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Right and Full Participation) Act, 1995.

(C) For the purpose of certification of disabilities covered under the scheme, the following may be considered:-

- i) The applicant shall submit a medical certificate from ‘medical authority’ as per the provision of clause (p) of Section 2 of the PWD Act and para B (ii) above.
- ii) The findings of the competent medical authority on the extent of disability would be treated final.

(D) The State Government will facilitate in obtaining the certificate of severe or multiple disability of such persons who supplies for assistance under the scheme by inviting the medical authority at Block/ Tahsil/ Mandal level or as admissible so that distance may not act as deterrent and such persons do not face harassment.

3. Amount of Pension.

The central assistance under IGNDPS will be provided at the rate of Rs. 200/- per month per beneficiary. The State governments are urged to contribute at least equally towards the pension amount.

4. Specific condition regarding sanction of pension.

Sanction of pension to the beneficiary has to be made only after placing the database of beneficiary in the public domain/ website of the Ministry or State.

5. Mode of Payment

The pension is to be credited into a post office or public sector bank account of the beneficiaries.

6. Identification of beneficiary.

The Gram Panchayat/ Municipalities are expected to play an active role in identification of beneficiaries under the scheme.

7. Certificate of coverage.

The States/ UTs are required to furnish a certificate that all eligible widows have been covered under IGNDPS.

8. Number of eligible beneficiaries under IGNDPS

The number of eligible beneficiaries to be assisted under IGNDPS will be determined as per the field report of all the beneficiaries who satisfy the eligibility criteria.

9. Allocation of Funds.

The funds for operation of the schemes relating to IGNOAPS, IGNDPS, IGNWPS and National Family Benefit Scheme (NFBS) as part of National Social Assistance Programme and Annapurna will continue to be released in a combined manner.

The target & achievement of IGNDP Scheme is 3490 Nos.

National Family Benefit Scheme (NFBS):

This Scheme came into effect from 15th August 1995. This is a centrally sponsored programme to provide assistance for a lump sum family benefit for households under the poverty

line on the death of the primary bread winner in the bereaved family subject to the conditions given below:

- The “Primary Bread Winner” will be the member of the household - male or female – whose earnings contribute the largest proportion to the total household income.
- The death of such a primary breadwinner should have occurred whilst he or she is in the age group of 18 to 64 years of age.
- The bereaved household qualifies as one under poverty line.
- Rs. 10,000/- in the case of death due to natural and accidental causes will be provided to the claimant of the bereaved family.
- The family benefit will be paid to such surviving member of the household of the deceased who, after due local enquiry is determined to be the head of the household. For the purpose of the Scheme, the term “house hold” would include spouse, minor children unmarried daughters and dependant parents.

Emergency Feeding Programme :

In order to prevent starvation death and provide food security to the Old, infirm and destitute persons are being provided cooked food through the AWCs under this Emergency Feeding Programme.

<u>Norms of Cooked Meal :</u>	Quantity Per beneficiary	Price Per beneficiary
Rice :	250 Grms per beneficiary per day	Rs. 1.58
Dal :	30 Grms “	Rs. 2.25
Veg. & Condiment :	30 Grms “	Rs. 1.00
Oil, Iodized Salt, Condiment, Ruel etc. :	“	Rs. 0.51
T.C. :	“	<u>Rs. 0.16</u>
Total		Rs. 5.50

The total No. of beneficiaries covered under this programme is 37315 nos.

ORISSA SCHOLARSHIP FOR PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED :

The Orissa Scholarship for Physically Handicapped has been introduced to assist the Handicapped students to secure Academic Education Technical & Vocational Training so as to enable them to ear a living & to become useful members of the society.

CATEGORY :

The following category of Handicapped students are eligible to get scholarship whose annual income is not exceeding Rs. 18,000/-

- Blind
- Deaf & Dumb
- Orthopedically Handicapped

RATE OF SCHOLARSHIP

- Primary Standard I to V : Rs. 200/- per month
- Standard VI to X : Rs. 250/- per month
- College (+2 & +3) : Rs. 300/- per month
- College (P.G.) : Rs. 300/- per month
- Technical & Vocational Training: Rs. 300/- per month

RATE OF READERS ALLOWANCE TO BLIND STUDENTS :

- Primary Standard I to V : Rs. 40/- per month
- VI to Xth : Rs. 40/- per month
- For other studies : Rs. 60/- per month

ORPHANAGES :

Orphanages for orphans and destitute children between the age group of 5 – 18 years are being managed by NGOs financial assistance from State Government. Children in these orphanages are provided with Food, Shelter, Clothing, general education, Medical check-up and Vocational Training and guidance to bring them up as good citizens.

The following three orphanages are functioning this district.

Sl.No	Name of the Organization	No. of Inmates
01	Orphanage at Koraput run by Sarvodaya Samiti, Koraput	25
02	Orphanage at Burja, (Laxmipur) run by Sarvodaya Samiti, Koraput	25
03	Orphanage at Padavalda run by Gramadani Sangha, Pedavalada	19
04	Children's Home, Jeypore (near Block Office) run by BDO, Jeypore	25
05	ASTHA Children's Home (near SCTI) Koraput run by BCA, Jeypore	15

SPECIAL SCHOOLS :

Special schools for the handicapped children i.e. Blind, Deaf & Mentally retarded children are functioning to bring these children into the mainstream of society. The handicapped children are imparted special training in special schools through trained teachers. In this regard grant in aid funds are received from Govt. towards expenditures of the school.

The following special schools are functioning in this district.

Sl.No	Name of the Schools	No. of students
01	School for the Blind (near COATS) Koraput	75
02	School for the Deaf (DP Camp), Sunabeda	85
03	MANAS School (MR) (PHD Colony), Koraput	50

ISSUE OF IDENTITY CARD & PASS BOOK TO THE HANDICAPPED :

Identity Card and Pass Books are issued to the PWDs (all categories of Handicapped) after the Examination of Medical Board for the purpose of employment availing other benefits. The District Medical Board is conducted in every 1st & 15th of the month in this district. Further steps are also being taken to provide identity cards and physical handicapped certificate at door step to the disabled persons “Samarthy Sibir” also organized in different blocks & ULBs.